#### INDIANA ANDILLINOIS NEWS

Sullivan Bank Cashier Cuts His Throat in a Barn and Fires the Structure.

His Wife Made a Maniac by the Shock-Daring Boy Burglars-Blew His Brains Out-Peculiar Railway Accident.

#### INDIANA.

Shocking and Unaccountable Suicide of Sullivan Bank Cashier.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SULLIVAN, Feb. 5 .- At 11 o'clock A. M., to day, an alarm of fire resounded through the town, which was caused by the burning of a stable belonging to Dr. F. L. Higbee, which was soon put out by the fire department. Shortly thereafter it was discovered that there was the body of a man in the ruins, which was soon identified as that of W. E. Crawley, cashier of the Farmers' State Bank, of this place. It has been learned now that he purchased a longbladed knife at one of the hardware stores some time in the forenoon. He had been ailing somewhat for a few days, and had probably lost his mind in some degree and committed suicide. He was at his place in the bank and attended to his usual duties until about 10 o'clock. He was a very estimable man, of good business habits. His family relations were very pleasant, and no cause can now be assigned for this rash deed. All his relations with the bank have been very pleasant and his accounts are all

correct. When the fire was subdued the remains of the unfortunate cashier were found in the ruins with the legs burned off. In his hand was still clasped the bloody knife, and several ragged holes in the neck conyinced the coroner's jury that Crowley had first stabbed himself and then fired the barn. When the discovery was made the doors of the bank were closed, and a thorough investigation developed the fact that Crowley's accounts were all right. Crowley leaves an accomplished widow and two children. Mrs. Crowley is a raving maniac over her husband's act.

Exploits of Boy Burglars. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ALBION, Feb. 5.—A tric of youthful criminals, named Louis Jaquith, John Emery and John Allison, were brought here from LaPorte to-day where they were recently arrested. Jaquith is but eighteen years of age, Emery is but a little older, and Allison is the youngest of the gang, being only sixteen years of age. They are in custody for burglary, and the crimes they are charged with are the most daring ever recorded in the criminal annals of this State. All three boys are the sons of influential parents. These youthful burglars have successfully raided many prominent business houses in LaPorte, St. Joseph, Elkhart and Noble counties, and with the result of obtaining plunder the value of which aggregated many thousands of dollars. They have carried on this systematic robbery for about two years, and until recently eluded all efforts of the officers to apprehend them, but they have at last fallen into the toils. Jaquith has made a sensational confession. in which he says that he and two confederates are guilty of the crime of burglarizing a store at Lapaz, a little town in Marshall county, over a year ago, and for which two tramps were convicted and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary at Michigan City. This confession will doubtless result in the release of the two convicts, who are now doing faithful service for the State. The boys' parents have been in complete ignorance of their sons' way-

Queer Railway Accident.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Feb. 5 .- A very peculiar accident occurred to the south-bound passenger train on the Evansville & Terre Haute railway, this evening. While thundering on toward this city at the rate of thirtyfive miles an hour, the piston-rod on the right side of the engine suddenly gave way and flew around with lightning rapidity, one of the ends striking the boiler and tearing an ugly hole in the side, causing the steam to escape in huge volumes, and filling the cab. Engineer Morris Hoffman was badly scalded, and, springing backward, he fell from the end, and was, later, picked up, quite seciously injured. Fireman Robert Skinner sprang from the cab, and escaped unhurt. The train run for a mile or two, and stopped of its own accord, as a result of the escaping steam. Train-men hurried back and found the engineer and fireman. The train was near the city, and was pushed in by a freight train that

Prize-Fight Participants Arrested. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Feb. 5.-The Boone county grand jury has returned several indictments against persons of this city who were present at the Keating-Corey prizefight, which took place on Sunday, Jan. 29, just in the edge of Beone county. The crowd started from this city, but did not fight in this county because there were officers along to prevent the fight in Montreceived warrants from the Boone county Circuit Court judge for the arrest of Ol Gill and Joe Harris. Gill is said to have acted as gate-keeper for the fight, and Harris as Corey's second. They were taken to Lebanon to-day. Tuck Cox, who acted as time-keeper, now lives at Lafayette, and is said to have been arrested also, and taken to Lebanon.

Her Secret Died With Her. Epecial to the Indianapolis Journal.

FORT WAYNE, Feb. 5.-About eight months ago Miss Rose Fideler, a very pretty girl, seventeen years old, who came with her parents to this city from Germany two years ago, was betrayed by a young man whose name she refused to give. Grieved at her misfortune, she secluded herself from the world, and in her sorrowful condition her health gradually failed. In spite of all that mortal science could do the poor girl pined away, and early this morning she breathed her last. Up to her dying moment she refused to name the man who caused her downfall and death. The case has excited much sympathy.

Victims of the Grip. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Feb. 5.-La grippe has been the direct cause of the death of two more persons in this city. The infant son of Sherman Wynn, of Chicago, died last evening, at the home of Mr. Wynn's mother. Mrs. Mahala Griffith, a pioneer of this county, died to-day, at 11 A. M., from la grippe. She was born at Hamilton, O., April 6, 1807, and her parents came to this county in 1822. She was married to Town-send Griffith in 1827, and he died in 1852. Four children survive her.

Great Mortality Among the Aged. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BLOOMINGTON, Jan. 5.-Casper Vanzandt. one of the best-known and oldest citizens of Bloomington, died this afternoon. He was first attacked with la grippe, which developed into pneumonia. He had been an undertaker for many years. Such fatality was never known before among old people, there having been no less than ten deaths in this vicinity in the past ten days.

Blew Off the Top of His Head.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. VINCENNES, Feb. 5 .- A shocking suicide occurred this morning in this county, when William S. Robinson blew the top of his head off with a shotgun, while standing on the stairs of his residence in Washington township, at about 9:30 o'clock. He was in s despondent mood, caused no doubt by continued ill health. He was a prosperous and prominent farmer.

Killed by Falling Slate.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Feb. 5 .- George West, an old miner at Rosedale, was caught under eight tons of falling slate and instantly

He Got \$4,000 Damages.

against the Ohio & Mississippi Railway Company was compromised, the road paying the plaintiff \$4,000.

Judson Turner, of Seymour, was fatally kicked and trampled by a coit. James Boyd, of New Washington, shot off his right hand while out hunting.

David Henry, of Lebanon, has filed application for a receiver for the Midland railroad. Agatha Earle, the actress, was granted a divorce at Rochester, from Graham Earle, the theatrical manager.

Burglars entered the residence of George W. Bunch, at New Castle, securing a gold watch and \$12.50 in cash.

Mrs. Susan Telking, an aged widow of Fort Wayne, drowned herself in St. Mary's river. No cause is known. Jacob Bonebrake, a pioneer and promi-nent farmer of Huntington, died yester-

day, aged eighty-two years. Mrs. Sarah Nafrey, of Mount Lebanon, who was thrown from a horse a few days ago, has died from her injuries.

Mrs. George Kellar, of Coal Creek, Fountain county, choked to death in a coughing paroxysm, while ill with the grip. Robert Bradt has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment by the LaPorte court for robbing Lake Shore freight cars.

Henry Harsting, of Vincennes, was seriously stabbed in the head by "Butch" Morone in the course of a drunken quarrel. Butchers of Evansville have organized to oppose the establishment there of a dressedmeat house by Nelson, Morris, & Co., of Chicago.

The large residence of Wm. Reynolds, at Monroeville, Allen county, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Loss, \$2,000; no William S. Robinson, a wealthy farmer of Bruceville. Knox county, put a pistol in his month and blew out his brains. He was

temporarily insane. William Rost, of Richmond, attempted to shoot conductor Lew Wallace at Campbelltown, O. He and two companions were captured near Richmond and jailed.

Lycurgus L. Shields, a well-known citizen of Seymour, was stricken with apo-plexy in his barn, and died while being removed to his home. He leaves a widow and several children.

Mrs. Emmett Early has gotten a judg-ment of \$10,000 against the O. & M. Railway Company in the Jackson County Cir-cuit Court for the killing of her husband by

Monday night burglars secured an entrance to the residence of Harry Purcell, at Logansport, securing a lady's gold watch, diamond ear-rings and finger-ring, and escaped without detection. The grand jury of LaPorte county is in-

vestigating the charges of theft and em-bezzlement against Adelbert L. Brown, the

loan agent, who fied to Kansas and was brought back by a relative. The heaviest woman in Daviess county died Tuesday at her father's home in Bogard township of pneumonia. She was Miss Mattie McCall. She weighed 335 pounds and was only twenty-one years old. Some unknown vandals at Pendleton, to vent their spite against J. C. Manning, an insurance and real-estate agent, broke all the giass in the windows and front doors of his fine office with brick bats Tuesday

About 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning burglars broke into the large dry-goods and clothing store of Dennis Kelley, at Winchester, and stole about \$150 worth of goods. This makes the fourth burglary there within the last two weeks.

J. W. Colby, a spiritualist, is holding a series of meetings at Pendleton and raking up all the spirits of departed friends, who, through him as medium, are communicating with the living. Several are being carried away with his manifestations and ex-

citement runs high. Mrs. Elisuna McNeeley, of Crawfordsville, secured a pass from the township trustee for herself and child to Shelbyville, and left her husband standing at the depot. He wanted to go, but she did not want him, and told the trustee not to give him a pass, as she did not expect to live with him much longer anyway.

Lynas Hutson, a young man of Decatur, fell between the cars of a moving freight train on the Chicago & Atlantic railway. within the city limits, and had both his legs horribly mutilated by the wheels, from the effects of which he died in a few hours afterward. Hutson was formerly from Union City, where he had relatives.

While at work on a derrick at the Greenfield nail-works, yesterday morning. Walter Christie took a fall of fifty feet, one of the guy-ropes giving way. Mr. Christie clung to the top side of a large upright pole, and, by striking the roof of, a building, the fall was broken, so that the worst results were some severe bruises on the back and right

The committee appointed by the Crawfordsville Presbytery to make a report at the spring meeting upon the question of the revision of the creed will report in favor of the revision. The committee is composed of Rev. R. J. Cunningham, D. D., and Judge A. D. Thomas, of Crawfordsville; Prof. H. Q. McLain, of Wabash College, Crawfordsville, and Rev. Mr. Parker, of Cutler.

Lewis Ballard, of Eel River township, Morgan county, in going to and from his farm, is compelled to cross the farm of John Barber. The right to do this had been given Mr. Ballard by deed. Sunday afternoon Mr. Barber called to Mr. gomery county. To-day Sheriff McClarkey | Ballard, as he was coming from the farm, and told him not to cross again. words passed, and Barber fired at Ballard, calling to a boy to load the gun again. Bar-ber started toward Mr. Ballard with a club, and the latter drove away. Barber was charged with assault with intent to kill, and in default of \$500 bail was sent to jail to await the action of the court. Both are prominent farmers.

ILLINOIS.

Matters of Interest Collected by Wire and Mail in Condensed Shape. Lawrence Cleary, a farmer of St. Augus-tine, hanged himself Mondayl

Robert Fakes was run over and killed by an engine between Harrison and Murphys-

Alleged despondency caused August Bal-back, of Chenos, to commit suicide Monday

Edward Lennon, of Catlin, died at Danville yesterday from injuries suffered in a railroad accident a few days ago. C. E. McDougall, of Petersburg, has been appointed boys' supervisor in the Blind Asylum at Jacksonville, vice Hinchee.

The latest victim of la grippe in Clark county is James Campbell, of Wabash township. He was eighty-three years of age and a pioneer settler of the county.

The body of engineer W. H. Neville, who was killed in the railroad wreck near Peoria Monday was taken to Fairmount yesterday for burial. A. L. Jordan, a miller of Danville, left

home a week ago to visit velatives at New-port, Ind., and has not since been seen. It is feared he has met with foul play. Alderman Quinn, of Elgin, claims to have been offered a bribe by the street-railway company to vote for their "T" rail ordinance. An investigation will be made.

William Hill, who, in 1836, established the first newspaper at Bloomington, Ill., died Tuesday morning. The paper was called the Observer, and was finally merged into the Pantagraph A new camp of the Sons of Veterans was

mustered at Martinsville Tuesday night by A. M. Jared, captain of the Casey Camp. There were eighteen charter members. C. N. Fasig was elected captain. The Rev. Thomas J. Crowder, a clergy-man of the Church of God, was arrested

Tuesday at Macon, charged with the em-bezzlement of funds collected for the purpose of building a new church. Four members of a family named Ford,

at Anna, are prostrated by small-pox, and a child has already died. The family have been freely visited by neighbors, and it is feared that the disease will spread. The State health authorities have been notified, and a strict quarantine established.

Jumped in Front of a Moving Train. NEW YORK, Feb. 5.- A shocking suicide

occurred this morning at the eighth station of the elevated railroad on Sixth avenue. The suicide jumped in front of a down-town train, and before the train could be stopped the man was dragged to the south end of the elevated platform before the end of the elevated platform before the him, he had something in his desk that eyes of a terrified crowd, waiting at the would ruin them. He did not know what

### **EVIDENCE AGAINST FOR AKER**

Governor Campbell Concludes His Testimony in the Ohio Ballot-Box Case.

Mrs. Wood, the Forger's Wife, Tells of Money Paid Her by Hadden, the Alleged Agent of Foraker-Other Witnesses Examined.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 .- The House committee investigating the Ohio ballot-box forgery, this morning, continued the examination of Governor Campbell. In answer to ex-Governor Foraker, witness said he had commenced to look for Wood before the 8th of October, notwithstanding the fact that Wood was at that time traveling openly between Cincinnati and Columbus. Speaking of the forgery, he said it was always a matter of curiosity to him why Wood had used the initials "J. E. C." as a basis for it instead of his ordinary signature, which was obtainable anywhere. He had not predicated his assertion, made in a speech, that Foraker was an infamous scoundrel, upon the Luce letter, but it was an answer to Foraker's charge that he was a party to a \$1,000,000 steal. He (witness) had said that any man who charged another with stealing \$1,000,000, when he did not know what he was talking about, was an infamous scoundrel. He did not remember who telephoned him that Wood's bail was to be forfeited on the occasion of Wood's visit to his house. Witness said he never saw one of the Wood ballot-boxes. except one in Col. T. C. Campbell's office and one brought to him in Washington. He never traveled with a ballot-box in his life, and never spoke to the President about the ballot-box bill. He knew Mr. Halstead by sight, and had known his father. His paper had, at times, assailed witness heartily, unctuously, and with a great deal of zest and apparent pleasure to itself whenever he (witness) ran for Congress. In 1886 a Middletown correspondent of the Commer-cial Gazette charged witness with boodling -a crime-and he called upon Mr. Halstead, who said he had not seen the publication and would right it editorially next morning. No other Republican paper had ever

made any attack upon his integrity.

Lewis G. Bernard was placed on the stand. He said that in October last he was a member of the Democratic campaign committee. In the early part of October, in the com-mittee-room, he was handed a copy of the Luce letter. Witness returned his copy to

Ex-Governor Foraker wished to know why witness had not shown the letter to Governor Campbell instead of Mr. McLean? Witness replied that Mr. McLean was his friend. His name had been connected with the ballot-box bill, and he was interested in the matter.

Morton L. Hawkins, Adjutant-general of Ohio, and political editor of the Cincinnati Evening Post during the last campaign, was the next witness. Mr. Grosvenor read to him his telegram to Governor Campbell at Middletown, calling for a public denial and referring to the personal friend who had said that Governor Campbell could vindicate himself with a document. Witness said Col. John W. Harper had, in a brief interview, spoken of a letter written by Governor Foraker which would phase different on jumped Witness conclusion that related

the ballot-box matter, but subsequently found that it was the Luce letter which Colonel Harper had in mind. Harper himself did not at the time know just what the letter was, and witness had to rush off to print the news, so that he could not learn more of the details.

Mr. Bernard was here recalled and said that as a member of the Democratic committee of Hamilton county he put various people to work to try and find Wood, but without avail. The search was not begun until after the retraction was published. Mrs. Elizabeth Wood, wife of R. G. Wood, was next called. She said her first knowledge of her husband's connection with the ballot-box matter was when he came home one day and told her that James Foraker and Mr. Hadden wanted him to try for appointment as smoke inspector, and that he could get it if he furnished certain papers to Governor Foraker. She had advised her husband to have nothing to do with the business. He had sent and received several telegrams to and from Governor Foraker. During her husband's absence Mr. Hadden called. That was on Oct. 31. She had received a letter from her husband telling her to call upon Hadden for money, and she did so. He was not at home, so she (Mrs. Wood) left word for him to call at her house, and he did so. She presented the letter with an inclosed note to Hadden, who read it, and said it called for \$50, which he paid her at once. He then

advised her to put all such letters in the fire, and burned his note. She had saved the letter from her husband, however, and produced it. Mr. Grosvenor read it, as follows:

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15, 1889. I want you to see Hadden at S. S. Davis's office and let me know by telegraph if he will do what I wrote him, and send by express. I hope you understood my telegram to-day in answer to yours. I don't want to see Campbell here, and don't know that I want to see him at all. He is nati if advised to do so by Hadden after he has seen "his Royal Highness" up at Columbus. But if he thinks best to stay here until after election I will do so. I know that Tom Campbell wants an ailidavit that will help Jim Campbell in his fight against Foraker.

Mr. Grosvenor asked for full details about payments of money to her by Hadden. The witness replied that she had about Oct. 16 or 17, received \$150 from Hadden at his office, \$100 of which was for her husband and \$50 for herself. Then there was the payment of \$50 made at her house, and again she received \$40 from him the night of Wood's arrest. He had told her then that he would have to take the money out of his own pocket. Hadden told her they would see that Wood was taken care of: that his arrest was only a political afof; that his arrest was only a political affair, and that he would be given permanent employment. He hardly thought he could get the smoke inspectorship, but still he would be taken care of whether Foraker was elected or not. She had written to Governor Foraker that Wood's let ters and telegrams, which she held, had

been seen by no one, and that he could have them for the asking. Here Governor Foraker stated that he had never received the letter, and the wit-ness responded that Mr. Hadden had told her that he had never received it. The let-ters and telegrams were placed in lawyer Chambers's hands, and he took them to Mr. T. C. Campbell. The last-named gentleman called twice at her house and wanted to know where her husband was, but she did not tell him. Hadden desired her to say nothing about the conversations he had had

Governor Foraker said that he knew nothing, except in the most general way, about the payments made to Mrs. Wood by Hadden, and that Hadden could tell his story when he was recalled.

A queer feature of the case to her, said the witness, was why Governor Foraker, who knew where Wood was, did not let Governor Campbell know. He had the stock-book of the ballot-box company, and would produce it.

Robert J. Wood, son of R. G. Wood, was the next witness. He produced the stock-book of the ballot-box company. The larger part of the stock was held by Wood and his wife, and the other stockholders, whose names have been mentioned in this case, were Charles A. Lehman, S. S. Davis, Edward Hall and T. C. Campbell. Witness went to see Hadden at his mother's request, and received \$40 from him, which Hadden told him he paid from his own pocket.

John C. Brown, State Treasurer of Ohio, the next witness, said that at Uhrichsville Junction, Sept. 12, Governor Foraker had shown him the forged paper, after telling of the ballot-box bill. Witness said he could not use the paper in the campaign, and the Governor replied that that was the trouble—he had gotten more than he wanted. Witness took it for a genuine

Alexander Caine, of the Ohio State Auditor's offices, testified to a conversation on the train with Governor Foraker, Sept. 27. Other persons were present, and they were talking politics, and Gov. Foraker said that if Sherman and McKinley did not let up on

special to the Indianapolts Journal.

Special to the Indianapolts Journal.

Madison, Feb. 5.—In the Circuit Court this afternoon the damage suit of Monroe

station. The engine passed over the man's the Governor referred to.

E. C. Hall, of the Hall Lock and Safe body, but the man continued to breathe for shout fifteen minutes.

station. The engine passed over the man's the Governor referred to.

E. C. Hall, of the Hall Lock and Safe biled with the county recorder to-day. S. Company, testified that he knew of no paper relating to the ballot-box signed by a local station. The engine passed over the man's the Governor referred to.

E. C. Hall, of the Hall Lock and Safe biled with the county recorder to-day. S. W. Ashmead, T. W. Chews, J. M. O'Shea not pay. It occurred in Chicago. A burger to the incorporators.

member of Congress, except what he had seen in the newspaper. Wood had shown witness a copy of "Contract 1000" without signatures. Wood said a number of prominent lobbyists in Washington were going to take hold of his bill. That was before the publication of the formed paper. the publication of the forged paper. After election witness saw Governor Foraker, at his request. He reminded witness that they had always been friends, and said that he was worried about the matter. He asked if witness could remember whether there was a genuine paper like the forgery; if there was, he wanted to know it. Witness replied that he had a recollection of some paper, but he did not recall it sufficiently to be able to say that it bore signatures. The Governor pressed him to re-fresh his recollection, and give him a state-ment, which would not be published, and would be returned to him. But witness could not do so, and the more he thought about it the more vague his recollection be-

not make any statement; that he had not gotten him into trouble, and he feared he could not help him out.

When shown "Contract 1000" by the chairman, the witness said that he was now confident that the paper shown by Wood bore no signatures. To Mr. Turner the witness admitted that he was sorry that he had ever signed the letter which Wood showed to Governor Foraker to impress his mind with the belief that he (Hall) knew something of the matters described by Wood. He had done it to help Wood along in his application for the smoke in-

came; so, finally, in answer to another request, he told the Governor that he could

Mrs. Wood was recalled, and, in answer to Mr. Turner, said that she had advised her husband to have nothing to do with the procurement of the papers. She believed that Wood should secure recommendations without such devices, and she regarded it without such devices, and she regarded it a dishonorable way to get a place—dishonorable not only on the part of her husband, but on the part of Governor Foraker, who should not have asked for such papers, and who should have exposed Wood as soon as he learned of the forgery.

Governor Foraker got the witness to admit that her admiration for him did not wane until he had dropped Wood.

John E. Benton, of New York, testified that he had made some registers and boxes.

that he had made some registers and boxes for the ballot-box company. He produced a letter from Governor Foraker, dated in January last, requesting him to furnish Mr. Kurtz (his secretary) with information. Kurtz wanted to know if he knew anything to connect James E. Campbell or John Mc-Lean with the ballot-box company, and witness had replied that he did not.

George Campbell, a brother of T. C. Camp-

told witness that Wood had said that he had given a signed contract to T. C. Campbell, and asked witness to get it for him. Hadden added that T. C. Campbell was bull-headed; would not help him, and had said that there was no such paper. Witness had written to his brother, and had been advised to let the matter alone, as both Campbell and Foraker were friends of theirs. Hadden told witness that this was a good chance to "make himself stout," and wanted to take him down and introduce him to Halstead. Witness wanted to help Hadden. Hadden feared that T. C. Campbell was coming back "hot" from Washington, and explained to witness that he (Hadden) had had a chance to be probate judge, but that he would be read out of the party if he did not swear that there was such a paper as the forgery. Witness understood from Hadden that he had come to Washington and sworn that there was an original paper when there was no such paper, and that he had done it under duress, as they would read him out of the party if he did not.

Governor Foraker interposed to deny that he had made any request of Hadden touching his testimony, or knew that he was a candidate for the probate judgeship. At this point the committee adjourned till to-morrow, when Hr. Halstead will be

MARINE NEWS.

Six Sailors Washed Overboard and Drowned

and Eight Rescued. Boston, Mass., Feb. 5.-The ship Josephine, from New York for Dantzie, with oil, was disabled by heavy seas Jan. 24, Five men were washed overboard, and one fell from the jib-boom. The vessel was abandoned Jan. 26, in a sinking condition. Captain Pulte and seven men, the survivors, were taken off by the steamer Thanemore, from London, which arrived here to-day.
The Thanemore had a very stormy passage.
Her life-boats were smashed, cattle-fittings carried away and rails damaged.

La Normandie Sees a Burning Vessel.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.-The steamer La Normandie arrived, to-day, after a tussle with the elements. When three days out the main cylinder-head blew out, and the ship was obliged to stop for eighteen hours to repair it. After the accident the Normandie proceeded with a loss of 2,000 of her 6,000-horse power, and thus arrived late. On last Saturday a very large iceberg was sighted in the morning, and in the afternoon a large field of ice was met. A bank of fog settled down, and the captain changed his course further south. On Sunday a burning vessel was seen. As it was scuttled, the captain of the Normandie concluded that the crew had been saved.

Movements of Steamers. QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 5.-Arrived: Ohio, from Philadelphia.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.-Arrived: Fulda, from Bremen; La Normandie, from Havre; Devopia, from Glasgow.

North Dakota to Legalize Lotteries. Sr. Paul, Feb. 5 .- While the House of Representatives, at Pierre, was considering legislation on the subject of prohibition of the liquor traffic in South Dakota, the members of the Senate in North Dakota, at Bismarck, debated and acted favorably on the proposed lottery revenue bill, which provides for the incorporation and taxation of lotteries for the sake of the revenue that would accrue to the State. This bill was introduced within less than a week by Senator Sandager, and the very mention of it since its introduction has brought a storm of indignation from all over the State. Resolutions denouncing the proposed action were passed at several points, and at Grand Forks the city pastors not only adopted strongly denunciatory resolu-tions, but also sent a committee to Bis-

marck to oppose the passage of the bill.

Threatened Indian Uprising. DURANGO, Col., Feb. 5.—Grave fears are entertained by the settlers of San Juan county, New Mexico, over demonstrations being made by the Navajo tribe of Indians.
A courier to-day brought in word that a
few days ago the Navajos drove the family
of Joseph Sterrit off the ranch, and ran off
ten head of horses. There are now 500
warriors camped at West Waters. The
trouble arises out of the killing of a Navajo Indian some weeks ago by a man named John Cox. The Indians demand \$2,000 or ten head of horses for the dead buck, and if refused they threaten to murder every white on the river. The Indians have sent the squaws and young ones back to the reservation.

Will Be Congressman Kelley's Successor. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5 .- The Fourth congressional district Republican convention to-day nominated State Senator John E. Reyburn for the vacancy in Congress caused by the death of William D. Kelley. There was no opposition. The election will be held on the 18th inst. The district is strongly Republican.

Three Men Drowned.

MARINE CITY, Mich., Feb. 5.-James Bury, Fred Young and Frank Chapman, all residents of Sombra, Ont., came to this city in a boat, yesterday, on business. About 7:30 last evening they started on their home-ward journey. A heavy gale prevailed, and when the boat was midway of the river a severe gust of wind picked it up, capsized it, and all three were drowned. Bury and Young leave families, while Chapman was

Miner's Head Pierced by a Drill, KINGSTON, Ont., Feb. 5 .- A drilling point fell 150 feet down the shaft of the Foxton mine yesterday and perforated Dennis Mooney's brain, the point coming through his mouth. The man was alive when brought to the surface but did not long survive.

Capital, Half a Million.

KEOKUK, Ia., Jan. 29.—Articles of incor-poration of the Ashmead Side-bearing Com-

THREE WHARVES BURNED

Baildings and Other Property Swept Away by Flames at Portland, Me.

One Vessel and Cargo Destroyed-A Large Amount of Lumber Burned-Heavy Loss by Fire at Brooklyn-Six Firemen Injured.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 5 .- One of the most disastrons fires that has visited this city in many years occurred to-night, three wharves and the buildings thereon being destroyed. The fire started in M. P. Emery's, building on Brown's wharf, used as a storehouse for a hogsheads, and it is believed to have been incendiary. The flames shot across the passage-way to J. H. Hamlin & Co.'s cooper-shop, which was destroyed, and then communicated to the Berlin mills wharf, at the lower end of which Frank Dudley had 2,000,-000 feet of lumber. This was destroyed. The fire was checked in this direction after considerably damaging the Boston & Maine railroad wharf. East of Brown's wharf is the Merchants' wharf, where the Portland Yacht Club house is located. The club-house was badly damaged, and bonded warehouse No. 44 was somewhat damaged also. On Brown's wharf I. O. Whiting & Co., of Boston, had a considerable quantity of molasses burned.

The schooner Prescott Hazeltine, owned in Belfast, by Calvin Harvey and others, which was lying at Brown's wharf, was burned. She was loaded with shooks from J. H. Hamlin & Co., and lumber from Frank Dudley, which was a street or the school of the sch ber from Frank Dudley, which were entireber from Frank Dudley, which were entirely burned. The vessel was insured for \$20,000, in the Boston Marine; Hamlin's cargo was insured for \$13,000, in the Atlantic of New York; Dudley's insurance is \$19,000, and loss \$13,000. J. H. Hamlin & Co.'s loss, by stock destroyed on Brown's wharf, will amount to \$30,000 or \$40,000; insured for \$28,000 in twenty companies. in twenty companies. On the Hamlin building, on Brown's wharf, the loss is \$6,000; insured for \$5,000. Mark. R. Emery had \$6,200 insurance on his stock, which does house there is an insurance of \$2,800, which will cover the loss. The molasses belonging to I. O. Whiting & Co. is insured for \$8.000; loss not ascertained, but thought to be more than the insurance. Frank Dudley's loss on pine lumber burned is \$30,000; insured for \$19,000.

Heavy Loss at Brooklyn.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 5.—The American Matting Company's building was burned about midnight to-night, with a large stock of raw material and manufactured goods. The loss is estimated at \$200,000. Six firemen were injured. The fire was a very flerce one, owing to the inflammable nature of the stock, and the building, a fourstory structure, two hundred feet square, was destroyed in a remarkably short time. The flames spread to surrounding dwellings,

Other Fires.

and a large number of families were com-

pelled to flee.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5 .- The building at Ninth street and Columbia avenue, oc cupied by the Falcon hosiery-mills and A D. Irwin & Bros., cotton and woolen-mills, were damaged to the extent of \$8,000 by fire to-day. There was a large number of young women employed in the building, and considerable excitement prevailed among them, but all escaped unburt, except one girl, who jumped from a window, and was severely bruised.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Feb. 5.-Fire a Belle Plain, this morning, destroyed the Phœnix Opera-house, Belle Plain Bank, Rusk Brothers' hardware store, George Al-len's grocery and Turnbuil's bakery. Loss, \$25,000; insurance, \$10,090.

WESTFIELD, N. Y., Feb. 5.—About 100 feet of the wood-work of the iron bridge on the Nickel-plate road, spanning Chautauqua creek, was burned this morning. All traffic is stopped.

One Man Killed and Several Injured. LIMA, O., Feb. 5 .- About 3 o'clock this afternoon a still at the Standard Solar reinery exploded, killing Patrick Ryan and injuring five or six others. Their names are Frank Kane, face and hands badly burned; Patrick Kane, badly burned about the face; M. E. Holkins, seriously injured about the hands hands. about the head; A. Delaney, W. Donohue, foreman, and John Ryan were slightly burned and bruised, but were able to walk to their homes. The cause of the explosion was a leak of gas from one of the stills, which filled the still-house full of gas, and it ignited in some manner not yet explained. The end of the building was blown out, and the debris was scattered in every direction. Only last month one of the stills in the same refinery exploded, injuring several workmen, but there were no fatalities. The financial loss this time will not be large.

Prize Essays on Child Labor. Baltimore, Feb. 5 .- In the spring of 1889 Mrs. John Armstrong Chanler (Amelie Rives) contributed a sum of money received by her for some sonnets to be awarded by the American Economic Association as a prize for the best essay on the subject child labor. I wenty seven essays all parts of the country were received. The committee on award decided that, owing to the equal merits of the essays of Mr. William F. Willoughby and Miss M. C. De Graffenreid, both of Washington, D. C., the prize should be divided equally between them. The young lady is a clerk in the Department of Labor. Mr. Willoughby recently graduated from Johns Hopkins University.

Burned by Ignited Mine-Gas. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 5.—Four men were badly burned, to-day, at the Pette-bone shaft, at Kingston. Their names are Arthur Evans, of Wyoming; Richard O'Brien, of Luzerne Borough; John Thomas, of Forty Fort, and Cornelius Carz, of Kingston. The men are repair men, and while taking out rock ninety feet from the mouth of the shaft, which is 1,100 feet deep, they encountered a body of gas, which was ignited by their naked lamps. They were burned on their faces and hands, and were removed to the hospital in this city. Their injuries are serious and painful, but from present indications none of them will die.

The New Castle Garden.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 .- Collector Erhardt this morning received a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury in which it was stated that Governor's island had been decided upon as the landing de-pot for immigrants. Collector Erhardt had recommended this place, and the abandon-ment of Castle Garden, but the chief difficulty was to get the consent of Secretary of War Proctor. Secretary Proctor finally consented.

Corn Held to Be Fuel.

WICHITA, Kan., Feb. 5.-In a decision he rendered to-day a justice held corn to be fuel. A thousand bushels of corn belonging to a farmer named Steadman had been attached. Steadman said he was using the corn for fuel, and that one thousand bushels was not more than enough to last a year. The justice ruled that under the law exempting a year's fuel the attachment could not hold.

Stole the Clapper of Rutgers Bell.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 5 .-- Flint Morris, of Jersey City, was to-day expelled, and Perry Taylor, of Schoharie, N. Y., and Albert Wells, of Dedham, Mass., suspended for six and two weeks, respectively, for stealing the clapper of Rutgers College bell. All are sophomores.

Business Embarrassments. Avon, Mass., Feb. 5,-Fred P. Prior, a shoe manufacturer, has left for parts unknown. An attachment was placed on his property here yesterday. His workmen

are unpaid and other creditors are numer-

The Value of Advertising.

Texas Siftings. In this age the business man who does not advertise is doomed. Every style of advertising pays, but the greatest results are acquired from utilizing the advertising columns of a properly-conducted journal.

An inch advertisement in a newspaper is

and the papers so announced. He returned the next night, and not only secured it, but a suit of clothes besides. The man who doesn't hang out his shingle and advertise, dies and leaves no sign. The right kind of eyes for business men is advert-ise. Puffs in newspapers help many merchants to "raise the wind."

BONA FIDE BOY-PREACHER,

Jimmie Cook, Who Is but Thirteen and Has Been in the Pulpit Two Years. Atlanta Constitution.

A child-preacher, thirteen years old and two years in the pulpit. Last night Berean Church, out near the Elsas & May factory, was crowded to hear the child-preacher, Jimmie Cook, a little fellow whose home is at Clem, Carroll county. It was not known until late yesterday afternoon that the little fellow would preach, but the word spread quickly in the neighborhood, and before he opened his service every seat in Berean Church was filled. Jimmie Cook is a sure-enough boy-preacher in stature as well as in years. He weighs but little more than shalf hundred pounds, and is so small that his head and shoulders were barely visible when standing behind the pulpit. He has a bright, intelligent face, is quiet and self-possessed, and in speaking uses very good language and gestures. His words flow freely, and during the whole of his sermon last night, which lasted about thirty minutes, until he was exhausted and out of breain, he never hesitated for language to any ness his thoughts.

guage to express his thoughts.

In the pulpit last night he appeared to be as much at ease and as thoroughly at home as a man who had spent the better portion of his life preaching. His style of speaking is natural, and his voice, though childish, has a fullness which makes his words effective and interesting. He wore a flannel shirt, a short jeans jacket and a pair of jeans trousers, reaching half way down the tops of a pair of rough, muddy boots. His round little face was bright and clean, and his light, sandy hair neatly combed, giving him the appearance of a typical country lad, fresh from the hands of a kind and careful mother.

The child preacher announced his text in a clear voice, the second chapter of Hebrews and third verse, "How shall we escape if we neglect so great salvation, which at first began to be spoken by the Lord, and was confirmed unto us by them that heard him." His sermon was a remarkable effort for a boy of the speaker's age. He stuck to his text all the way through, quoting Scripture fluently, and evineing a wonderful degree of elecutionary power. At times he walked from side to side of the platform, as his words were spoken, gesticulating with one hand and with the other toying with a long watch chain which hung from his vest, perfectly at ease, as if conscious of a power over his hearers. The little fellow's countenance fairly glowed, as he became warmed up to his subject, appealing to sinners to turn from their evil ways, and accept the salvation of the gospel. He, in a simple yet really beautiful and touching manner, admonished parents to train their children according to the teaching of the Bible, and warned them of the consequences of disobeying the commands of the Lord.

At the conclusion of his sermon the child preacher pronounced the orthodox benediction, and dismissed the congregation. A small collection had been taken up, and while this was being turned over to the little fellow the crowd gathered about him, shaking his hand and thanking him for his wonderful talk. He gave them all his little hand, and answered pleasantly and readily all the questions asked by the admiring crowd. During his talk he never once alluded to himself, but Mr. J. L. Nelson, at whose house, in Edgewood, he stopped last night, said that he was the sole support of an in-

valid father and sister. Jimmie was asked how he came to begin preaching. "I was in the cotton-field one day," he said, "and all at once I was impressed with the feeling that I ought to go out and tell the people about God. I put down my basket and wenthome, and began preaching. God called me."
He said he didn't know exactly how he

happened to come to Atlanta. He has been preaching around in the country for two years, and about a month ago preached at the Fourth Presbyterian Church.

A Pure Waste of Words.

Chicago Tribune. A certain young Chicago lawyer-it is just as well not to give his name—was try-ing a case in a justice's court, a few years ago. He was deeply interested in the case and most anxious to win it, so he put in a good deal of time looking up decisions bearing on the point, and when he made his speech cited case after case. He made the strongest speech he knew how to make, and the justice listened to it all intently.

When the young lawyer finished the justice leaned back in his chair and ap-

peared to be considering the matter.
"We ought to win this," said the lawyer to his client, "but I'm a little afraid."
"You needn't be," replied the client, calmly. "You needn't have worked so hard, either. I saw him this morning. He wanted fifty, but finally took twenty-five." The justice, by the way, is not on the

bench now. Reed's Ruling.

Milwaukee Sentinel. The talk about "the one-man power" is nonsense. The ruling of the Speaker does not rest upon his sole authority, but is sustained by a majority of the House. The men who are arrayed against the liberties of the people are the minority, who are seeking to thwart the majority, and to present leaves the majority. vent legislation by those who represent the

will of the people. The Ill-Fated Seward Mansion.

Augusta Chronicle When Walker Blaine was in his last delirium, it is said, he was seized with the idea that his sister Alice was dying. There is a superstition in Washington that the residence of Mr. Blaine, where Secretary Seward was stabbed, is an unlucky place. It looks so.

# The Safest

ND most powerful alterative is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Young and old are alike benefited by its use. For



"My little boy had large scrofulous picers on his neck and throat from which he suffered terribly. Two physicians

attended him, but he grew continually worse under their care, and everybody expected he would die. I had heard of the remarkable cures effected by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and decided to have my boy try it. Shortly after he began to take this medicine, the ulcers com-menced healing, and, after using several bottles, he was entirely cured. He is now as healthy and strong as any boy of his age." - William F. Dougherty, Hampton, Va.

"In May last, my youngest child, fourteen months old, began to have sores gather on its head and body. We applied various simple remedies without avail. The sores increased in number and discharged copiously. A physician was called, but the sores continued to multiply until in a few months they nearly covered the child's head and body. At last we began the use of Ayer's Sar-saparilla. In a few days a marked change for the better was manifest. The sores assumed a more healthy condition, the discharges were gradually diminished, and finally ceased altogether. The child is livelier, its skin is fresher, and its appetite better than we have ob-served for months."-Frank M. Griffin,

Long Point, Texas. "The formula of Ayer's Sarsaparilla presents, for chronic diseases of almost every kind, the best remedy known to the medical world."-D. M. Wilson, M. D., Wiggs, Arkansas.

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Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mrss.